Gas Laws I	Posttest
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## Name:

1. Make the following temperature conversion

- 2. A 1.00 L bottle full of ammonia gas (NH $_3$ ) is measured at 740.0 mm Hg and 24.0  $^{\circ}$ C. Find the volume in liters at STP.
- 3. If carbon dioxide ( $CO_2$ ) at 750.0 mmHg is heated from -10 °C to 100 °C, what will be its new pressure in atmospheres if the volume is held constant?
- 4. James has five two liter bottles full of nitrogen gas, if all of the gas is squeezed into just 4 L of space; by what factor will the pressure of the gas be change if temperature does not change? (Also state whether it will increase or decrease if it changes at all.)
- 5. If you exhale 1.32 L of air into a garbage bag, that is at body temperature (37 °C) and then put it into a freezer, what is the temperature of the freezer in °C if the volume of the air after it has been cooled is only 1.19 L?

  Assume air pressure remains constant.

  Is the freezer operating properly?
- 6. A volume of gas is measured at 22.0 °C. What temperature in °C will triple the volume assuming pressure is held constant?
- 7. A gas occupies 1.25 L at 140.0 mmHg and 350.0  $^{\circ}$ C. What will be its new pressure in mmHg if the temperature drops by 150.0  $^{\circ}$ C and the volume decreases to 0.25 L?
- 8. What is the affect of decreasing temperature on the volume of a gas, if the pressure remains constant?
  - a. It increases.
  - b. It decreases.
  - c. It stays the same.
- 9. What is the affect of decreasing temperature on the pressure of gas, if the volume remains constant?
  - a. It increases.
  - b. It decreases.
  - c. It stays the same.
- 10. What is the affect of decreasing pressure on the volume of a gas, if the temperature remains constant?
  - a. It increases.
  - b. It decreases.
  - c. It stays the same.