## Gas Law Review 2

Solve the following problems based upon the indicated changes:

## Remember that Temperature has to be in degrees Kelvin.

 $\frac{\mathbf{P}_{1} \mathbf{V}_{1}}{\mathbf{T}_{1}} = \frac{\mathbf{P}_{2} \mathbf{V}_{2}}{\mathbf{T}_{2}} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{PV} = \mathbf{nRT} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{R} = \mathbf{8.31} \frac{\mathbf{L} * \mathbf{kPA}}{\mathbf{mol} * \mathbf{K}}$ 

- 1. 350.0 ml of N<sub>2</sub> gas at  $70.0^{\circ}$ C is heated to 400.0 K at a constant pressure.
  - a. What is the new volume of the gas in ml?
  - b. What is the volume in liters?
- 2. 465 L of  $O_2$  gas at 800.0 mmHg of pressure is exposed to a 50.0 mmHg increase in pressure.
  - a. What is the final pressure in mmHg?
  - b. What is the new volume in liters if the temperature remains constant?
- 3. A sample of  $CO_2$  gas that occupied 12.6 cm<sup>3</sup> at a temperature of 250.0 K and a pressure of 99.8 kPa now has a temperature of  $0.00^{\circ}C$  and a volume of 32.0 ml.
  - a. What is the new pressure in kPa?
  - b. What is the new pressure in mmHg?
- 4. A sample of neon starting at 300.0 K and 140.0 kPa is cooled to 250.0 K and its pressure drops by 14.0 kPa
  - a. What is the final pressure?
  - b. If the ending volume of the gas was 233 ml, what was the starting volume of the gas?
- 5. If 0.360 moles of helium is at 22.0 °C and 660.0 mmHg, what is its volume?
- 6. If 2.00 L of water vapor is at a temperature of 400.0 K and a pressure of 740.0 kPa, how many moles of gas are present?
- 7. A gas is originally at 46.0 °C and has a volume of 350.0 ml. Assuming there is no pressure change, and the ending volume is 385 ml,
  - a. Did the gas heat up or cool off?
  - b. What is the final temperature in Kelvin?
  - c. What is this temperature in Celsius?
- 8. If 3.50 L of methane gas at 1.05 atm of pressure is reduced in volume to 2.90 L while the temperature is held constant:
  - a. Did the pressure have to go up or down?
  - b. What is the new pressure in atmospheres?
  - c. What is the new pressure in kPa?

- 9. If 2.00 moles of chlorine gas is at STP:
  - a. What is the formula for chlorine gas?
  - b. How many grams of chlorine is this?
  - c. What is the volume of the gas in liters?
- 10. A sample of gas at STP has a volume of 145 cm<sup>3</sup>. If the final temperature of the gas is 42.0 °C and the ending volume is 135 ml, what is the pressure of the gas in mmHg?
- 11. You have a 40 g sample of helium (He) at 23 <sup>o</sup>C and a pressure of 99.8 kPa,
  - a. How many moles of He is this?
  - b. What is the volume of the He?
- 12. Suppose you are trying to get a gas to expand as much as you possible could...what would you do to the:
  - a. Temperature?
  - b. Pressure?